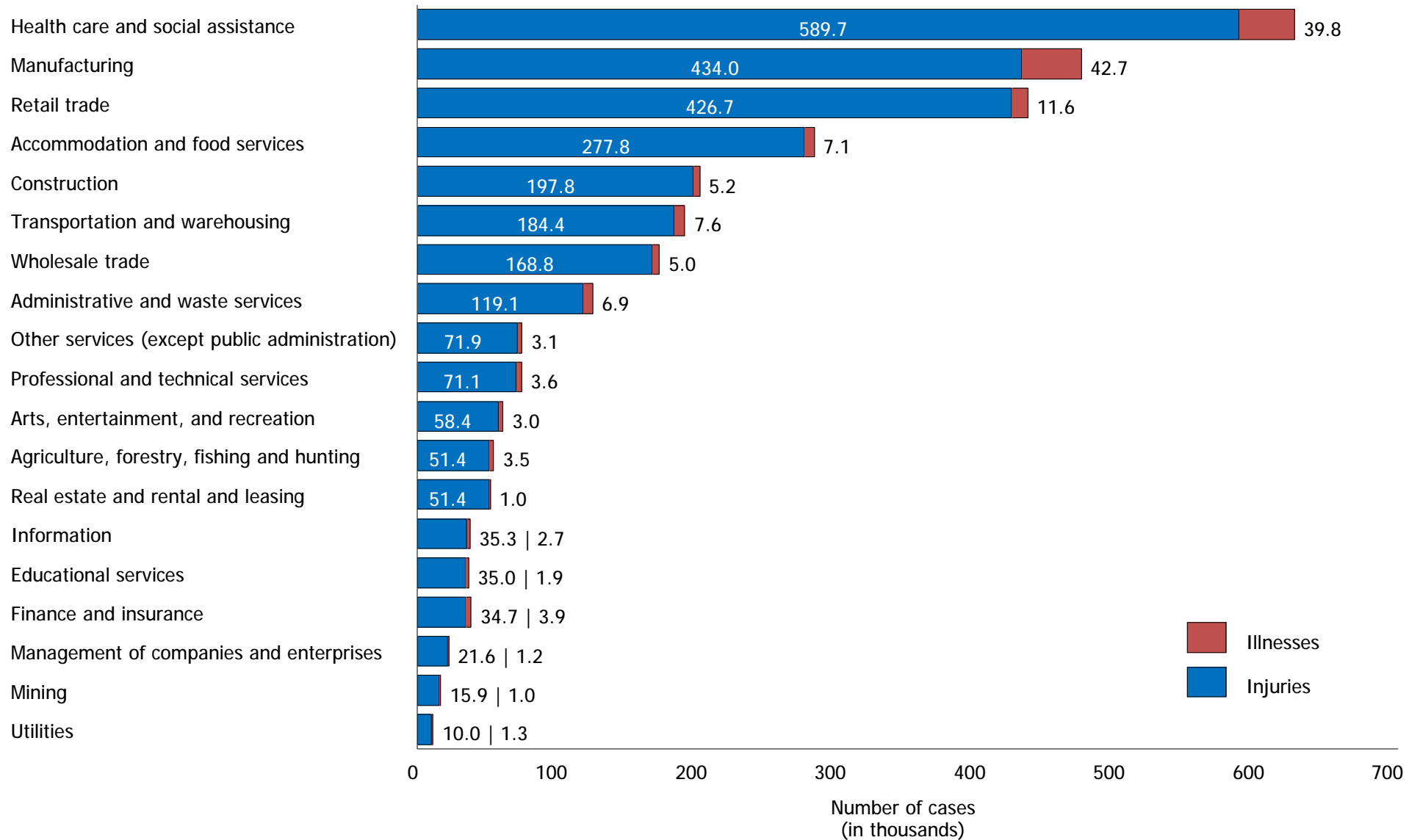




U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Injury and Illness Data

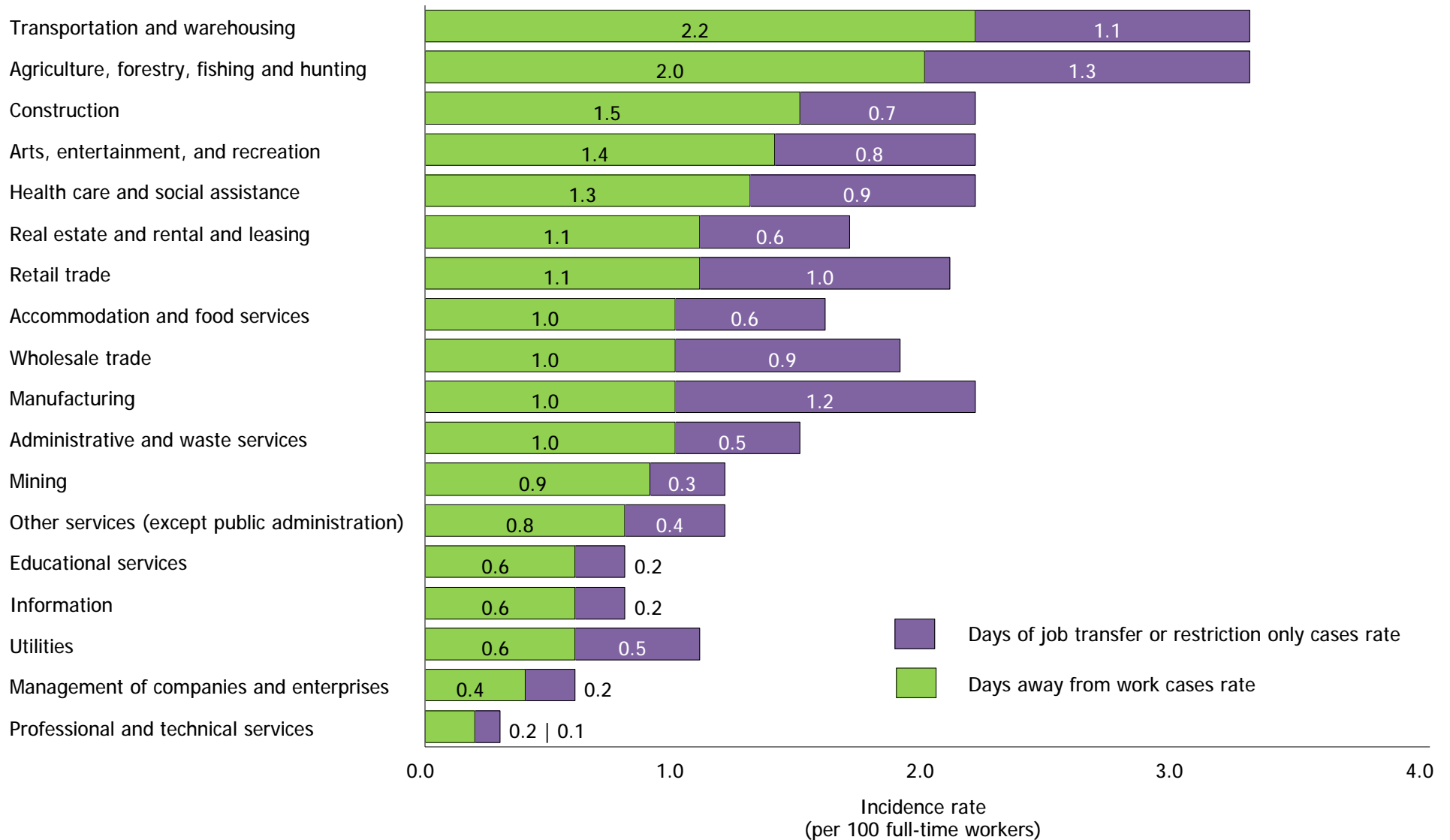
Released: December 4, 2014

Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by private industry sector, 2013



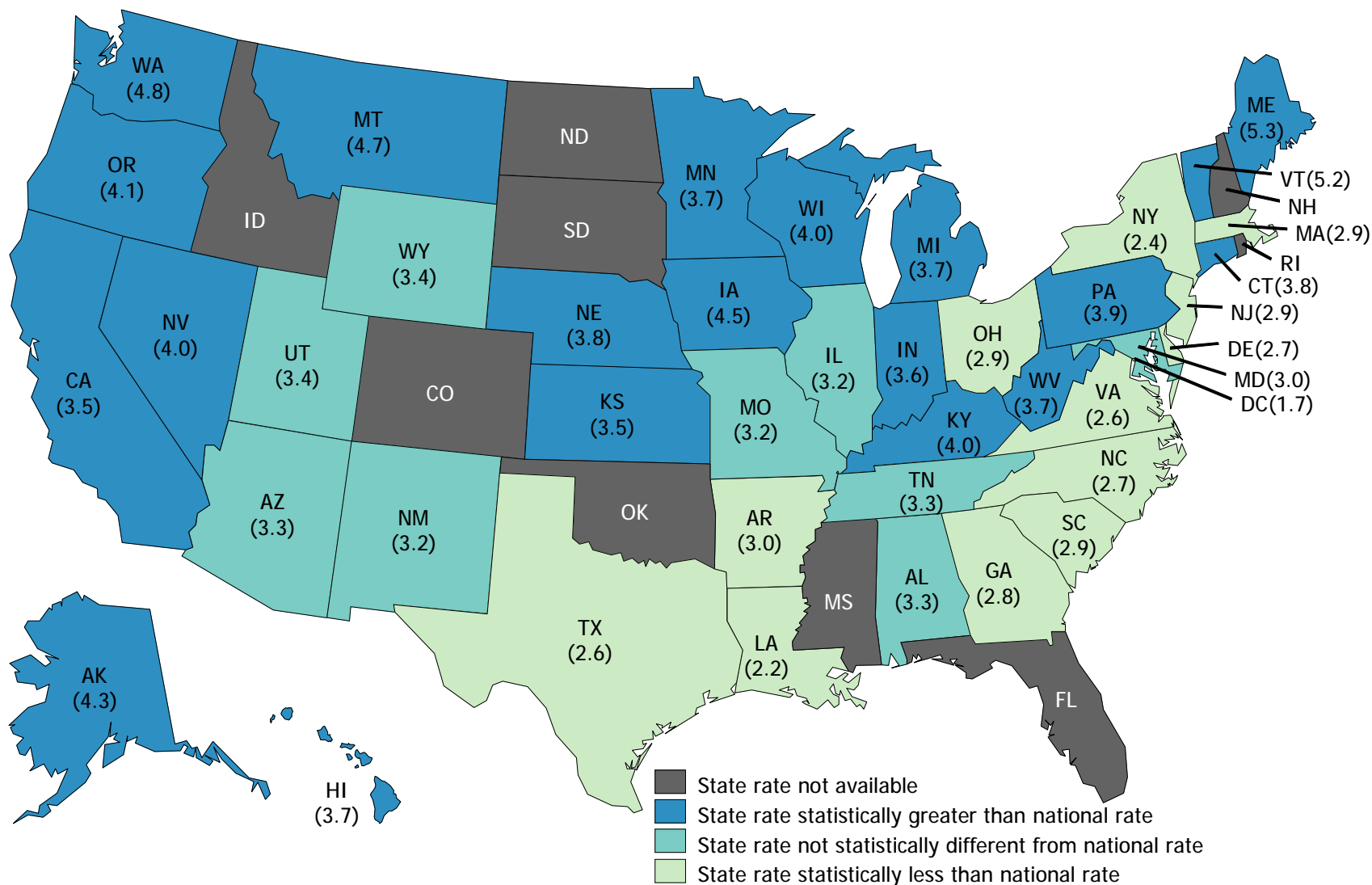
Similar to the distribution of injuries and illnesses reported among all private industry establishments in 2013, injuries accounted for most cases reported among individual industry sectors. Illnesses accounted for only a small fraction of cases reported in each industry sector.

Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injury and illness cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction, by private industry sector, 2013



The rate of job transfer or restriction only (DJTR) cases in the manufacturing industry sector has exceeded the rate of cases involving days away from work (DAFW) every year since 1998. Manufacturing remained the only private industry sector in 2013 in which the incidence rate of DJTR cases (1.2 cases per 100 full-time workers) exceeded the rate of DAFW cases (1.0); both of these rates declined in manufacturing by 0.1 case from 2012.

State nonfatal occupational injury and illness incidence rates*
 compared to the national rate, private industry, 2013



Private industry and public sector estimates are available individually for 41 participating states and for the District of Columbia for 2013. The private industry injury and illness rate was statistically higher in 20 states than the national rate of 3.3 cases per 100 full-time workers, lower in 12 states and in the District of Columbia, and not statistically different in 9 states. Caution should be taken when comparing rates among different states as some differences can be attributed to different industry composition within each state.

* Total recordable case (TRC) incidence rate per 100 full-time workers
 Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, December 2014